

# Linear Algebra, EE 10810/EECS 205004

## Quiz .21 – 2.2

Student ID: .....; Your Name: .....  
(Dated: October 21st, 2020)

**Integrity:** There is NO space to cross the **Red Line** !!

1. Prove that  $\mathcal{T}$  is a linear transformation, find bases for both  $N(\mathcal{T})$  and  $R(\mathcal{T})$ , and calculate the nullity and rank of  $\mathcal{T}$ .

(a)  $\mathcal{T}: \mathcal{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathcal{R}^2$  defined by  $\mathcal{T}(a_1, a_2, a_3) = (a_1 - a_2, 2a_3)$ .

(b)  $\mathcal{T}: P_2(\mathcal{R}) \rightarrow P_3(\mathcal{R})$  defined by  $\mathcal{T}(f(x)) = x f(x) + f'(x)$ .

2. Let  $\mathcal{V}$  and  $\mathcal{W}$  be finite-dimensional vector spaces and  $\mathcal{T}: \mathcal{V} \rightarrow \mathcal{W}$  be linear.

(a) Prove that if  $\dim(\mathcal{V}) < \dim(\mathcal{W})$ , then  $\mathcal{T}$  cannot be *onto*.

(b) Prove that if  $\dim(\mathcal{V}) > \dim(\mathcal{W})$ , then  $\mathcal{T}$  cannot be *one-to-one*.

3. Let  $\hat{\mathcal{T}}: \mathcal{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{R}^3$  be defined by  $\hat{\mathcal{T}}(a_1, a_2) = (a_1 - a_2, a_1, 2a_1 + a_2)$ . Let  $\beta$  be the standard ordered basis for  $\mathcal{R}^2$  and  $\gamma = \{(1, 1, 0), (0, 1, 1), (2, 2, 3)\}$ .

(a) Compute  $[\hat{\mathcal{T}}]_{\beta}^{\gamma}$ .

(b) If  $\alpha = \{(1, 2), (2, 3)\}$ , compute  $[\hat{\mathcal{T}}]_{\alpha}^{\gamma}$ .